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147219 Polishability and gloss retention of new supra-nano filled resin-based composite

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S. ARMSTRONG, College of Dentistry, University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, K. HIRATA, Tokuyama Dental Corporation, Tsukuba City, Ibaraki, Japan, J. YAMAGAWA, Tokuyama Dental Corporation, Tsukuba City, Japan, and F. QIAN, Preventive & Community Dentistry, University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA

Objectives: Evaluate polishability and gloss retention of nano filled resin-based composites (RBC) after thermocycling.

Materials and Methods: RBC: UBC-001 (UBC, A2-Enamel, Tokuyama), Filtek Supreme Plus (SP, A2E, 3M-ESPE), Esthet-X HD (EX, A2, DENTSPLY), Durafill VS (DV, A2, Heraeus Kulzer), Herculite Ultra (HU, A2, Kerr), PREMISE (PM, A2, Kerr) and Venus Diamond (VD, A2E, Heraeus Kulzer). Specimens (N=16/per group, D=10 mm, 2 mm thick) were polymerized by manufacturer's recommended times with 800 mW/cm² (Optilux 500, Kerr). Baseline gloss was measured (Novo-Curve, 2 x 2mm and 60° geometry, Rhopoint Instrumentation) before grinding with P800 SiC paper (22  $\mu$ m). They were then successively polished by two methods: ["clinical"] Sof-Lex fine (24 $\mu$ m) and super-fine (8 $\mu$ m) discs, or ["laboratory"] P2400 (8 $\mu$ m), P4000 SiC papers (5 $\mu$ m), 1 $\mu$ m, 0.25 $\mu$ m, 0.1 $\mu$ m diamond suspensions. Each specimen was then thermocycled between 5°C and 55°C up to 50,000 cycles. Polishability and gloss retention was measured (N = 3/per specimen) before and after each polishing and thermocycling step, then the average of three measurements was used for statistical analysis. One-way ANOVA and repeated measures ANOVA with appropriate post-hoc test were conducted to assess the effect of composites on the polishability and gloss retention, within and across each polishing and thermocycling step, respectively (alpha=0.05).

Results:Laboratory polishing produced a higher gloss than the clinical polishing method. UBC had a significantly higher gloss than other RBCs with "clinical" polishing. Results for "laboratory" polishing after thermocycling are shown below due to non-significantly different baseline RBC gloss (except for DV).

## Conclusion:

- 1. UBC had a significantly higher gloss under simulated clinical polish.
- $2. \ Polishability \ and \ gloss \ retention \ varies \ by \ polishing \ method.$
- 3. Nanofills, UBC and SP, had significantly higher laboratory polish gloss retention beyond 30k thermocycles.

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RBC	Laboratory polishing: Mean gloss units (SD) after thermocycling (TC)					
	0 TC	3k TC	10k TC	20k TC	30k TC	50k TC
SP	94.29 (1.24) <sup>A,1</sup>	93.23 (1.49) <sup>B,2</sup>	92.53 (1.25) <sup>A,2</sup>	90.95 (0.99) <sup>A,3,4</sup>	90.45 (1.32) <sup>A,4</sup>	91.48 (0.83) <sup>A,3</sup>
DV	75.88 (3.15) <sup>B,1</sup>	75.54 (2.72) <sup>C,1</sup>	73.86 (2.73) <sup>B,1</sup>	71.03 (2.18) <sup>C,2</sup>	67.20 (2.19) <sup>C,3</sup>	65.41 (2.55) <sup>C,3</sup>
EX	95.14 (0.73) <sup>A,1</sup>	93.73 (0.65) <sup>B,2</sup>	92.01 (1.34) <sup>A,3</sup>	89.92 (1.02) <sup>A,B,4</sup>	86.75 (1.45) <sup>B,5</sup>	85.01 (2.05) <sup>B,6</sup>
HU	94.58 (0.70) <sup>A,1</sup>	93.55 (0.77) <sup>B,2</sup>	93.09 (0.90) <sup>A,2</sup>	88.70 (0.55) <sup>B,3</sup>	87.65 (0.54) <sup>B.4</sup>	84.88 (1.56) <sup>B,5</sup>
UBC-001	94.48 (0.51) <sup>A,1</sup>	94.48 (0.57) <sup>A,1</sup>	92.87 (0.79) <sup>A,2</sup>	91.09 (0.88) <sup>A,3</sup>	90.95 (0.69) <sup>A,3</sup>	91.11 (0.76) <sup>A,3</sup>

Column means with the same letter are not significantly different using post-hoc Tukey-Kramer's test, and Bonferroni t-test (P>.05). Row means with the same number are not significantly different using post-hoc Tukey-Kramer's test, and Bonferroni t-test (P>.05). PM and VD evaluated only by "clinical" polishing.

Keywords: Color, Composites, Dental materials, Polymers and Surfaces

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